### Pupil premium strategy statement

At St Francis we have the highest expectations of all our pupils academically and socially. We understand that they bring with them a wide range of experiences and needs which can affect their attainment and will work tirelessly to remove barriers that could inhibit children making progress and reaching their full potential. Getting the maximum benefit from the pupil premium funding is vital, therefore our decisions on how it is spent are based on sound research alongside our knowledge and understanding of our own children's needs.

Many of the key interventions and approaches are adopted on a whole school level and are not only restricted to pupils eligible for the Pupil Premium; they incorporate children who are disadvantaged or vulnerable in other ways, for example young carers or children that have or have had a social worker. Our strategy is also integral to wider school plans for education recovery, notably in its targeted support through the National Tutoring Programme for pupils whose education has been worst affected, including non-disadvantaged pupils.

Our approach will be responsive to common challenges and individual needs, rooted in robust diagnostic assessment, not assumptions about the impact of disadvantage. We know from EEF research that 'good teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve outcomes for disadvantaged pupils' so ensuring that teaching is of a consistently high standard across all subjects is a key priority.

We also know that building cultural capital is particularly important for children who are disadvantaged so we have ensured that our curriculum is broad and balanced and provides many opportunities for children to develop their cultural capital.

In addition to this, we will provide targeted support by offering a range of activities outside school hours. We continually look at various sources of data to ensure that support is directed effectively.

All targeted interventions are monitored closely. When looking at academic progress data, we ensure that the progress of disadvantaged pupils is carefully tracked and discussed during pupil progress meetings.

Our analysis of attendance data highlighted areas where action was needed and funding has been targeted to address punctuality and attendance. From analysis of our own data we recognise that a number of our disadvantaged children also have some social and emotional needs, some SEND needs or are being supported by Early Help or social services. We are committed to working effectively with other professionals and parents to ensure the best outcomes for our children. We will allocate staff so they can do this.

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2022-23 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

### **School overview**

Detail	Data
School name	St Francis RC Primary Melton
Number of pupils in school	205
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	18%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers	3
Date this statement was published	Sept 2022
Date on which it will be reviewed	Sept 2025
Statement authorised by	Gosia Brown
Pupil premium lead	Gosia Brown
Governor / Trustee lead	Helen Webb

### **Funding overview**

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£60,047
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£5,800
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
<b>Total budget for this academic year</b> If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£65,847

# Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

### **Statement of intent**

At St Francis we have the highest expectations of all our pupils academically and socially. We understand that they bring with them a wide range of experiences and needs which can affect their attainment and will work tirelessly to remove barriers that could inhibit children making progress and reaching their full potential.

Getting the maximum benefit from the pupil premium funding is vital, therefore our decisions on how it is spent are based on sound research alongside our knowledge and understanding of our own children's needs.

Many of the key interventions and approaches are adopted on a whole school level and are not only restricted to pupils eligible for the Pupil Premium; they incorporate children who are disadvantaged or vulnerable in other ways, for example young carers or children that have or have had a social worker.

Our strategy is also integral to wider school plans for education recovery, notably in its targeted support through the National Tutoring Programme for pupils whose education has been worst affected, including non-disadvantaged pupils. Our approach will be responsive to common challenges and individual needs, rooted in robust diagnostic assessment, not assumptions about the impact of disadvantage.

We know from EEF research that 'good teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve outcomes for disadvantaged pupils' so ensuring that teaching is of a consistently high standard across all subjects is a key priority.

We also know that building cultural capital is particularly important for children who are disadvantaged so we have ensured that our curriculum is broad and balanced and provides many opportunities for children to develop their cultural capital. In addition to this, we will provide targeted support by offering a range of activities outside school hours.

We continually look at various sources of data to ensure that support is directed effectively. All targeted interventions are monitored closely. When looking at academic progress data, we ensure that the progress of disadvantaged pupils is carefully tracked and discussed during pupil progress meetings. Our analysis of attendance data highlighted areas where action was needed and funding has been targeted to address punctuality and attendance.

From analysis of our own data we recognise that a number of our disadvantaged children also have some social and emotional needs, some SEND needs or are being supported by Early Help or social services. We are committed to working effectively with other professionals and parents to ensure the best outcomes for our children. We will allocate staff so they can do this.

### Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Our attendance data over the last year indicates that attendance among disadvantaged pupils has been 0.8% lower than non-PP pupils
	18.75% of disadvantaged pupils have been persistently absent.
	There is also an issue with punctuality.
2	Our assessments/observations and discussions with pupils and families have identified social and emotional and mental health issues for many disadvantaged pupils alongside a number whose families have accessed support from Social Services or Early Help.
3	Internal monitoring suggests that almost one third of disadvantaged chil- dren do not complete homework or engage in other home learning activ- ities e.g. times tables rock stars, spelling practice
4	Assessments indicate that reading and writing attainment among disadvantaged pupils is below that of non-disadvantaged pupils.
5	Assessments, observations, and discussions with pupils indicate underdeveloped oral language skills and vocabulary gaps among many disadvantaged pupils. These are evident from Reception through to KS2 and in general, are more prevalent among our disadvantaged pupils than their peers.

### **Intended outcomes**

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Improved provision for children with	Children's engagement in class will
SEMH will improve behaviour, self-	improve
regulation, children's mental wellbeing	SDQ and Boxall scores will improve,
and ability to engage in learning.	behaviour related incidents will decrease.
To raise % of children entitled to	Children's NFER scores, accelerated
PP achieving expected and exceeding in	reader scores and PM benchmark scores
reading and writing.	will show progress

	All pp children will pass phonics screen Children will be keen to read in and out of school Children's engagement in writing will improve – evident in quantity and quality
Targeted interventions will help children make progress	of writing improvement. Pre and post intervention assessment will show progress
All PP children will stay above the 95% (excl. GRT children) attendance target. Children will be in school at the start of the school day and be ready to learn	Lateness will decrease Attendance % will stay at school target
Improved oral language skills and vocabulary among disadvantaged pupils.	Assessments and observations indicate significantly improved oral language among disadvantaged pupils. This is evident when triangulated with other sources of evidence, including engagement in lessons, book scrutiny and ongoing formative assessment.
To improve the quality of learning and teaching to ensure consistently high standards of instruction and delivery.	Teaching is observed to be good in all classes Teachers have a bank of strategies which they routinely use and these are observed during learning walks/pupil interviews, planning samples.

### Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

### **Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)**

Budgeted cost: £13,490

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Coaching CPD to support teachers and teaching assistants to effectively manage learning environment. HT to use the modules from the Exemplary Leadership Programme	Learning environment evidenced to have impact on quality of teaching and learning. Teachers and teaching assistants play a key role in supporting and promoting positive pupil attitudes to learning HT time for attendance at ELP	4. 5.
Staff training: - Instructional Coaching delivered to all staff and revisited at INSET throughout the academic year through a planned cycle of CPD.	Good teaching is the most important lever schools have to improve outcomes for disadvantaged pupils. Using the Pupil Premium to improve teaching quality benefits all students and has a particularly positive effect on children eligible for the Pupil Premium. EEF	4,5
Develop subject leaders and teachers' knowledge of vocabulary so teaching of vocabulary is structured and planned	Children with poor vocabulary can do well with reading up to about age 8 years then drop rapidly as they do not have the vocabulary to comprehend well. (source: A Quigley, Closing vocabulary Gap) Curriculum Leader CPD	4,5
Subject leaders given release time to improve their own understanding in this area. Subject leaders to deliver inset training to colleagues on the use of assessment in their subject across the school. Standardisation folders will be implemented in the wider curriculum across the school Data is moderated by subject	Assessment is established in maths, English and RE but not in foundation subjects. This was also identified by ofsted in the school's previous inspection as an area for development	4,5

leaders following the		
three data drops over the year Subject leaders will produce a termly report on the strengths and development areas in their subject		
Children are given rich and sustained opportunities to develop their cultural capital	Pierre Bourdieu first set out the idea that "cultural capital" facilitated educational inequality and that certain children are at an advantage at school because they have greater access at home to cultural knowledge and experiences. Nick Gibb and Michael Gove stress importance of ensuring that disadvantaged children are exposed to cultural experiences and background knowledge that those from better-off homes take for granted".	5
Phonics scheme deployed across the school alongside targeted interventions for lowest 20% of readers.	DFE research stresses the importance of having validated phonics scheme, that helps all children progress in early reading. The EEF have completed a project with LEXIA which is showing some promising results.	4
SENCO to support teachers to use tools to support reluctant writers. Colourful semantics grids, technology such as speech to text tools. Handwriting interventions to support formation and fluency.	Disadvantaged pupils with SEND have the greatest need for excellent teaching. Specific approaches to support these pupils may include explicit instruction, cognitive and metacognitive strategies, scaffolding, flexible grouping, and the targeted use of technology. Supporting resources: The EEF guidance report on Special Educational Needs in Mainstream Schools includes 5 evidencebased recommendations to support pupils with SEND. Special Educational Needs in Mainstream Schools   EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk)	3

# Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £40,376

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Targeted lunchtime interventions (cost for additional adult and resources) to support pupils in their interactions with their peers.	Social and emotional learning programmes, such as Lego Therapy, are seen to have positive outcomes and can add 4 + months in academic outcomes as well as improving self-regulation.	2
School led- tuition with a focus on precision teach to support pupils with gaps in phonics and key maths concepts.	Small group tuition can have good outcomes for pupils. In particular, approaches such as precision teach can show positive effect sizes.	4.5
Children with SEND/PP will receive support in specific areas of need either through Quality interventions or in class support	Staff absences have sometimes meant that LSAs are needed to cover classes, sometimes resulting in interventions not being completed. Children who may not currently have additional hours allocated through SEND top up funding but need extra support in lessons will have support when they need it.	4,5
New ELSA to be trained and made available for drop-in sessions and inter- vention. HLTA employed to work in a family support worker role. Behaviour HLTA employed to support with behaviour and train other support staff/MSAs	Over half the children on the school's safe- guarding monitoring are entitled to PP. All the children with SEND support plans for SEMH category are entitle to PP.	2
Before and after school learning opportunities help children in targeted areas. Homework club will support children with out of school self -study	EEF research shows that pre-teaching is powerful intervention in improving confidence and attainment. Many of the children not completing home- work, not learning spellings and timetables are children entitled to PP. Homework club can help develop good homework habits.	3

# Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £11,981

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Add or delete rows as needed.		
HLTA working as family support worker will monitor punctuality with head teacher and be able to offer families support with issues around punctuality and attendance	Parental Engagement. Impact of attendance and punctuality on outcomes.	1,3
Enhance lunchtime provision, including ongoing training for all Midday	Many children on our SEND register for SEMH and behaviour difficulties are entitled to PP and need to develop skills in these areas.	
Supervisors, as well as equipment and resources. (Happy lunchtimes)	Most behaviour incidents occur during this time as it is a long period of unstructured time. Some children find this time challenging, either because of poor social skills or difficulties with self-regulation. Giving children focussed	
Training for LSA on friendship intervention and Lego therapy.	activities would help with this.	
Wrap around care facilities for targeted families	The benefits of quality care for children and living with working parents is proven to enhance life chances and opportunities. Provision of care enables parents to work and have consistent employment. Wrap around care safeguards children. Children are able to engage in paired reading during this session.	
Hardship fund for families who are experiencing specific difficulties; this money would	"There is a general belief in many countries that school uniform supports the development of a whole school ethos and therefore supports discipline and motivation."	

be used to purchase equipment for school, uniform and other essential	https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/evidence- summaries/teaching-learning-toolkit/schooluniform/	
items.		

### Total budgeted cost: £65,847

# Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

### Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

Due to COVID-19, performance measures have not been published for 2020 to 2021, and 2020 to 2021 results will not be used to hold schools to account. Given this, please point to any other pupil evaluations undertaken during the 2020 to 2021 academic year, for example, standardised teacher administered tests or diagnostic assessments such as rubrics or scales.

If last year marked the end of a previous pupil premium strategy plan, what is your assessment of how successfully the intended outcomes of that plan were met?

### **Externally provided programmes**

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider

### Service pupil premium funding (optional)

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information:

Measure	Details
How did you spend your service pupil premium allocation last academic year?	
What was the impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils?	

# **Further information (optional)**

Use this space to provide any further information about your pupil premium strategy. For example, about your strategy planning, or other activity that you are implementing to support disadvantaged pupils, that is not dependent on pupil premium or recovery premium funding.